SEPTEMBER 1, 1775. THE NUMBER 31.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

ALWAYS FOR LIBERTY, AND THE PUBLICK GOOD.

ALEXANDER PURDIE, PRINTER.

At a meeting of the COMMITTEE of SAFETY, in the town of *Richmond*, the 26th day of *Auguſt*, 1775.

Ordered, THAT *the chairmen of the ſeveral committees in this colony do deliver the publick arms, to be by them collected, purſuant to an ordinance of Convention, to the captains who ſhall be appointed to command the companies of regular troops to be raiſed from their reſpective diſtricts, taking their receipts for the ſame; and that the ſaid captains take proper meaſures for their ſafe conveyance to the place of rendezvous.* And it is farther ordered, *that the ſaid chairmen do reſpectively correſpond with the Preſident of this committee, informing him of their progreſs in the minute ſervice, and when they ſhall have completed each the number of regulars required from their reſpective diſtricts.*

(*a copy*)

JOHN PENDLETON, jun. clerk.

AUGUST 26, 1775.

THE *COMMITTEE of SAFETY, at a meeting appointed at* Hanover *town on the 18th of next month, intend to proceed to the choice of all officers within their appointment, particularly a comiſſary of proviſions, or contractors for each of the regiments to be raiſed purſuant to an ordinance of Convention, previous to which all perſons inclined to contract, or to be appointed commiſſary, are deſired to ſend their propoſals, in writing, to* EDMUND PENDLETON, *eſq; Preſident of the committee, enclоſed and ſealed. At the ſame time, the committee will be ready to deliver the commiſſions, and adminiſter the oaths, to the field-officers of the regulars choſen by the Convention; and all captains and ſubalterns, who may be choſen by the diſtrict committees, are alſo to attend, to receive warrants for the money neceſſary in recruiting, and their inſtructions.*

By order of the committee.

JOHN PENDLETON, jun. clerk.

CAMBRIDGE, *Auguſt* 3.

SOME very late intelligence hath been received at head-quarters this week from Canada, the ſubſtance of which is, that the Canadians and Indians cannot be perſuaded by governour Carleton to join his forces, but are determined to remain neuter; that there are but 500 regulars in Canada, and near all thoſe ſtationed at St. John's, in order to make a ſtand againſt the provincials expected down the lake; and that conſequently Quebeck and Montreal have been left quite bare of troops, except a ſmall guard at each place.

Laſt monday morning, near Charleſtown neck, a warm fire began between our advanced parties and thoſe of the enemy, attended with cannonading from the enemy's works on Bunker's hill. We took two marines priſoners, and killed ſeveral of the regulars, with the loſs of one man belonging to Marblehead, who was killed with a cannon ball.

Parties of rifle-men, together with ſome Indians, are conſtantly harraſſing the enemy's advanced guards, and ſay they have killed ſeveral of the regulars within a day or two paſt. One of the rifle-men is miſſing, and is ſaid to be taken priſoner.

Laſt monday morning about 800 men went from Roxbury to the ſpot where the light-houſe lately ſtood, where they found 40 of the enemy, 28 ſoldiers, and 12 tory carpenters and labourers, who were ſent from Boſton to erect a building for fixing up lights. Our people, before they ſurrendered, killed four of them (among whom, it is ſaid, was the lieutenant) and took the reſt priſoners, being 24 regulars and the 12 workmen, with the loſs of one man on our ſide. The ſame day the whole number were brought to head-quarters in this town, and the day following ſent off to Worceſter. On thurſday laſt notifications were poſted up in the town of Boſton, to inform all ſuch of the inhabitants as were deſirous of quitting the town that they might give in their names to the town-major. Great numbers immediately applied, and ſeveral have had permiſſion to come out. The reaſon of this permiſſion is owing to the ſcarcity of proviſions, Gage thinking he muſt be obliged to furniſh them out of the king's ſtores, or let them ſtarve. They were not permitted to bring out their effects.

PROVIDENCE, *July* 29.

A GENTLEMAN from Cambridge informs, that advice had been received there, by ſeveral regular ſoldiers who have deſerted, that it had been determined to attack the lines of the American army on ſunday laſt, but that not more than one quarter of the troops deſtined for the attack could be prevailed on to come out, the others declaring they would much rather die within their own lines than turn out to be ſlaughtered; and that Gage has, in conſequence, been obliged to lay aſide the project. Some movements made at Bunker's hill, and the landing of a number of troops at Charleſtown, on ſunday, corroborate this intelligence.

NEWPORT, *July* 31.

LAST thurſday a large ſchooner came into this harbour, ſuppoſed from Boſton, inquired for the men of war, and finding they were gone out, ſhe immediately tacked and ſtood out again, in purſuit of them.

Laſt ſaturday the ſhips Roſe, Swan, and Kingfiſher, with the above ſchooner, returned into this harbour, and brought in two brigs and three ſloops from the Weſt Indies. They have releaſed one brig.

NEW YORK, *Auguſt* 7.

LAST thurſday capt. Patrick Sinclair, lieutenant-governour and ſuperintendent at Michillimachinack, who lately arrived from North Britain at ſome port in Maryland, and after paſſing through Penſylvania and New Jerſey, was apprehended by order of our provincial congreſs, and ſent to Suffolk county on Naſſau iſland, there to reſide on his giving his parole of honour that he will not take any part in the preſent unhappy controverſy between Great Britain and the colonies, and that he will not depart from or go out of the ſaid county without permiſſion of the Continental Congreſs, or of this or ſome future provincial congreſs, until the preſent unhappy controverſy between Great Britain and the colonies ſhall be determined.

Auguſt 10. By a return expreſs, who left the camp at Cambridge laſt friday evening, we are informed that ſix ſail of tranſports ſailed from Boſton, under convoy of a man of war, ſome time ago, for the eaſtward of Caſco Bay, for forage; that they landed a number of men for the purpoſe; that while the men from the ſhips were landed, a number of men from the ſhore poſſeſſed themſelves of five of the ſhips, made the ſeamen and ſoldiers priſoners, and ſecured the ſhip out of the reach of the men of war.

Laſt monday an expreſs arrived from Eaſt Hampton, with the following intelligence: That ſeveral veſſels were ſeen cruiſing off Fiſher's iſland and Long iſland, with an intent to carry off ſome of the ſtock from the eaſt end of Long iſland and Gardiner's iſland, for the uſe of the army and navy at Boſton; and that the inhabitants were aſſembling under arms to oppoſe their landing, and to drive the ſtock from thoſe places where they were moſt likely to be taken off. Our provincial congreſs immediately ordered four companies of general Wooſter's forces, in conjunction with the men now raiſing in Suffolk county for the continental ſervice, to repair thither to the aſſiſtance of the inhabitants. General Wooſter moved accordingly, from his camp at Haerlem, laſt tueſday. By an expreſs, which arrived on tueſday, we learn the number of ſhips was 13.

Laſt tueſday the firſt diviſion of col. M'Dougall's battalion of provincial troops ſailed, under the command of lieutenant-colonel Ritzema, to join major-general Schuyler at Ticonderoga. They will be ſoon followed by the ſecond, under major Zedwitz, and their colonel is preparing immediately to follow with the third and laſt diviſion.

PHILADELPHIA, *Auguſt* 10.

Extract of a letter from New York, *Auguſt* 7.

TEN carpenters, going to repair the Boſton light-houſe, were taken by the Americans.

"Yeſterday we were informed that the two men of war, and three tranſports, which left Boſton ſome time ago, had arrived at Montauck point, the eaſt end of Long Iſland, and were getting proviſions. Some of the Long Iſland companies, I am told, are gone to oppoſe them."

Extract of a letter from Cambridge, *July* 31.

"Laſt friday we were informed, by our out ſentries at the foot of Bunker's hill, that the enemy had cut down ſeveral large trees, and were buſy all night in throwing

up a fine and abbatis in front of it. In the evening, orders were given to the York county rifle company to march down to our advanced poſt on Charleſtown neck, to endeavour to ſurround the enemy's advanced guard, and to bring off ſome priſoners, from whom we expected to learn the enemy's deſign, in throwing up the abbatis on the neck. The rifle company divided, and executed their plan in the following manner: Capt. Dowdle, with 39 men, filed off to the right of Bunker's hill, and, creeping on their hands and knees, got into the rear of the enemy's ſentries, without being diſcovered; the other diviſion, of 40 men, under lieutenant Miller, were equally ſucceſsful in getting behind the ſentries on the left, and were within a few yards of joining the diviſion on the right, when a party of regulars came down the hill to relieve their guard, and croſſed our rifle-men under capt. Dowdle, as they were lying on the ground in an Indian file. The regulars were within 20 yards of our rifle-men before they ſaw them, and immediately fired. The rifle-men returned the ſalute, killed ſeveral, and brought off two priſoners and their muſkets, with the loſs of corporal Creuſe, who is ſuppoſed to be killed, as he has not been heard of ſince the affair.

"In return for this, the enemy alarmed us laſt night in their turn. At 1 o'clock this morning, a heavy firing of ſmall-arms and cannon occaſioned our drums to beat to arms; the army was immediately ordered under arms to their poſts. The firing continued in three different quarters, Roxbury, Sewell's Point, at the mouth of Cambridge river, and at the advanced poſts on Charleſtown neck. Some hours elapſed before we knew the deſign of the enemy, which was this: We had ſurrounded ſome of their out-guard the night before, which induced them to ſerve our ſentries in like manner.

"They ſent two flat-bottomed boats to Sewell's Point, to attack our redoubts there; ſallied out at Roxbury, and ſet fire to the George tavern, our advanced guard-houſe. Our people attacked, beat them, and took one priſoner, who is expected here every minute. The flat-bottomed boats, after an uſeleſs fire of many hours, retired; the piquet guard of the enemy, on Charleſtown neck, attacked and drove in our advanced guard of 60; who, being reinforced by general Lee's order, recovered their ground, and beat off the enemy, killed ſeveral, and brought off ſeven muſkets, without loſing a man, although our men engaged them under their guns, within point-blank ſhot of their lines. We are juſt informed, that 250 of the Marblehead ſailors have formed on Plowed hill, near Bunker's, and have drove in all the out-guards of the enemy. The enemy do not appear to be very fond of coming out. We ſhall harraſs them continually, and for this reaſon want the aid of the rifle-men. Only one company, as yet, come in."

Auguſt 12. We hear from Cambridge, that captains Percival and Sabine of the marines, Johnſon of the Royal Iriſh, Lemoin of the train, and a number of privates of the miniſterial troops, in all about 60, were killed laſt week; alſo a captain mortally wounded, who is a ſon of lord Chedworth's.

Corporal Creuſe of the rifle-men, now priſoner at Boſton, has ſent a letter to his comrades in the camp, informing that he was treated kindly by the regulars.

The expreſs who was ſent by the Congreſs is returned from the eaſtward, and ſays he left the camp laſt ſaturday; that the rifle-men had picked off ten men in one day, three of whom were *field-officers*, that were reconnoitring; one of them was killed at the diſtance of 250 yards, when only half his head was ſeen.

NEW YORK, *Auguſt* 21.

A GENTLEMAN belonging to Philadelphia arrived here laſt friday evening from Boſton, by way of Rhode Iſland. The 25th of July he was taken by the Glaſgow man of war, 150 leagues from the land, in the ſhip Charming Sally, capt. Doman, with 2200 barrels of flour, from Philadelphia for Liſbon, and carried into Boſton the 4th inſtant. He informs us, that general Gage was diſmantling Caſtle William, and removing the cannon, with the garriſon, up to town; that near 400 of the wounded ſoldiers had died ſince the battle at Bunker's hill; that there was not the leaſt appearance of any embarkation among them, and that it was the general opinion among the military that nothing farther would be attempted by general Gage until he had other accounts from England; that proviſions of all ſorts were ſcarce and dear, mutton 18d. per lb. geeſe 8s. and every other thing in proportion, notwithſtanding a ſhip had juſt arrived from Ireland with ſalt proviſions.

BALTIMORE, in *Maryland*, *Auguſt* 24.

BY a veſſel juſt arrived at Philadelphia, from Ireland, in a ſhort paſſage, we have advice of the arrival of John Watts and Roger Morris, eſquires, two of his majeſty's council for the province of New York, at London; and that they had been examined touching American affairs by the miniſtry and the lords of the privy council, who were ſo greatly alarmed by their repreſentations that the orders which had been deſpatched to Ireland, for ſix regiments more to embark for this country, were countermanded. His majeſty was alſo adviſed to call the parliament together immediately, which he did accordingly; and it was ſaid it was either ſitting, or was convening, when the laſt accounts came away. The miniſtry are, it appears, in the *horrours*, and the whole nation under the moſt direful apprehenſions of ſeeing "*the wide arch of the raiſed empire fall.*" Such has been the folly and madneſs of Britiſh councils, that the *great empire*, which was wont to conquer others, hath made a ſhameful conqueſt of itſelf.

Extract of a letter from general Waſhington, *dated camp at* Cambridge, *Auguſt* 10, 1775, *directed to the Provincial Congreſs at* New York.

"We have had no occurrence in the camp, for ſeveral days, worthy of notice; but by ſome advices from Boſton, and ſeveral concurring circumſtances, we have great reaſon to ſuſpect that a part, or the whole, of the miniſterial troops, are about to remove. New York is the place generally talked of as their deſtination. I give you this intelligence as it came to me, but do not vouch for its authenticity."

A ſchooner with arms and ammunition was lately ſeized by the Nautilus man of war, near Newcaſtle, on Delaware.

WILLIAMSBURG, *September* 1.

SINCE our laſt, the hon. PEYTON RANDOLPH, eſq; col. THOMAS NELSON, and GEORGE WYTHE, eſq; ſet out for Philadelphia, to attend the General Congreſs on the 5th of this inſtant, accompanied by their ſeveral ladies.

This day WILLIAM GODDARD, eſq; ſurveyor, &c. to the conſtitutional poſt-office, arrived in this city, on a tour through the ſeveral united colonies, to eſtabliſh offices in the principal towns and other commercial places, under the authority of BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, eſq; who is appointed poſtmaſter-general by the Hon. the Continental Congreſs; and as ſoon as the officers are commiſſioned, and the routes fixed, the eſtabliſhment will immediately take place.

NORFOLK, *Auguſt* 30. Lord Dunmore has lately made ſeizure of another veſſel belonging to meſſ. Eilbeck, Roſs, and co. for government ſervice forſooth!

The goods imported in the ſnow Unicorn, ſeized by lord Dunmere as above-mentioned, were ordered by the Norfolk borough committee to be immediately returned in the ſame veſſel; but his lordſhip has taken care to prevent that, by laying his hands upon the goods, and converting them to his own uſe; and the veſſel, we hear, is intended for St. Auguſtine, to bring the remainder of the 14th regiment.

It appearing that the above goods, imported in the Unicorn, had been countermanded by meſſ. Eilbeck, Roſs, and co. the committee of this borough have acquitted them in this inſtance of any breach of the aſſociation.

We are aſſured, from good authority, that general Howe is appointed to the command of the troops at Boſton, ſuppoſed to be at the requeſt of general Gage.

A correſpondent writes, that a certain ſloop of war, not 100 miles diſtant, was lately kept in conſtant alarm a whole night, with her matches burning, tomkins out, guns loaded with grape ſhot, and all hands at their quarters, till day-light diſcovered the formidable enemy, which had cauſed ſuch terrible apprehenſions, to be only one of the neighbours with his negroes catching mullets! A certain governour, it is ſaid, was in all haſte ſent for, to aſſiſt with his ſage advice at the council of war that was held on this mighty occaſion.

This day arrived from London the famous major Rogers, formerly of the rangers.

IN CONVENTION, FRIDAY, *Auguſt* 25.

Reſolved, THAT it be recommended to the committees of the ſeveral counties and corporations in this colony to call all collectors and receivers of fines heretofore impoſed by any court-martial, and all other perſons who have any money in their hands ariſing from ſuch fines, to an immediate account for the ſame, and, after paying any arrears which may be due for arms or trophies formerly purchaſed, apply any ſuch money for providing arms and ammunition for the uſe of their reſpective counties and corporations, in ſuch manner as they ſhall think beſt.

Extract from the ordinance for regulating the pay of the MILITIA.

AND *be it farther ordained*, that William Langhorne, Henry King, John Scaſbrooke Wills, William Norvell, Champion Travis, or any three of them, be, and they are hereby appointed commiſſioners to examine, ſtate, and ſettle an account of the pay and proviſions of the volunteer companies who have been lately called into actual ſervice for the defence of the lower parts of the country, making the ſame allowance as is ſettled by this Convention for the regular forces, and under the regulations of the late invaſion law as to the number of men which is to entitle officers of a certain rank to pay, excepting that mr. Charles Scott, commander in chief of the ſaid volunteers at Williamſburg, ſhall be allowed 12s. 6d. per day from the time he was choſen to that command, and certifying the ſame as is directed in the caſe of the militia on the frontiers; and upon ſuch certificate, the treaſurer, by warrant from the Committee of Safety, is required to pay the money ſo certified to be due. And each of the ſaid commiſſioners ſhall be allowed 15s. per day, for the time they ſhall be employed in ſettling the ſaid accounts.

To the honourable the PRESIDENT, *and the reſt of the* DELEGATES *of the* PEOPLE *of* VIRGINIA, *now ſitting in Convention: The petition of ſundry* MERCHANTS, *and others*, NATIVES *of* GREAT BRITAIN, *and reſident in this colony*,

HUMBLY SHEWETH,

THAT your petitioners being chiefly agents, factors, and perſons who, from their youth, have been bred up

to and employed in the buſineſs of commerce, have at no time interfered with the civil inſtitutions of the country, but have always acted in conformity to the laws under which they have enjoyed the beſt ſecurity for their perſons and property. With this experience of the protection derived from theſe ſalutary laws, as well as from the happy intercourſe they have enjoyed with the inhabitants, many of your petitioners have formed connections of the moſt endearing nature, and have inveſted conſiderable proportions of their property in real eſtates, with a view of continuing their reſidence among a people with whom they have hitherto lived in ſuch harmony. Your petitioners beg leave to repreſent, that their fears are much awakened from the ill-grounded prejudices which they are informed actuate the minds of ſome of the people of this colony againſt your petitioners, as a body, who are not natives of the land; a circumſtance which, being accidental, cannot be imputed to them as a fault, and therefore, on that account, they hope to ſtand in the ſame light with other ſubjects who conform to the laws. They are ſenſible the unhappy differences ſubſiſting between the parent ſtate and her coloniſes have given riſe to diſtinctions to their prejudice among the natives of the country, and excited jealouſies of them which otherwiſe had never exiſted. Diſcriminated from the reſt of the ſociety, and placed in a ſuſpicious point of view, they preſume to lay before this Honourable Houſe the hardſhip of their ſituation, and, in the ſincerity of their hearts, to declare, that they hold this people in the higheſt eſtimation, as friends and fellow-ſubjects; and that, in war or peace, they will cheerfully contribute with them to the exigencies of this their common ſtate: That in all internal commotions, or inſurrections, they pledge their faith, at the riſk of their lives and fortunes, jointly with their fellow-ſubjects of this colony, to defend the country; and that in caſe of an attack from the troops of Great Britain, they will not aid in any manner or communicate intelligence to them by letter or otherwiſe. Permit your petitioners to aſſure this Honourable Houſe, that they wiſh not an exemption from the hardſhips and burthens to which the people of this country are expoſed, from the civil conteſt ſubſiſting with the parent ſtate; but are willing, and ready, to participate in all inſtances, except taking up arms againſt thoſe people among whom they were born, and with whom perhaps they are connected by the neareſt ties of conſanguinity. To this circumſtance they entreat your impartial and favourable attention, and that you would be pleaſed to mark out a line of conduct by which your petitioners, in this dangerous criſis, may move as uſeful members to the community, without being held to the neceſſity of ſhedding the blood of their countrymen; an act at which nature recoils, and which every feeling of humanity forbids. This allowed your petitioners, they again repeat their readineſs to ſtand up with the foremoſt in defence of the country againſt internal inſurrections, and in its ſupport by the moſt liberal and cheerful contributions.

That the ſupreme director of the univerſe may inſpire you with wiſdom to put a period to this unnatural conteſt, and reſtore this once happy land to peace, ſafety, and union with its parent ſtate, is the ardient wiſh of

Your reſpectful and dutiful petitioners.

FRIDAY, *Auguſt* 25, 1775.

THE foregoing petition was preſented to the Convention, and the following reſolution thereupon unanimouſly agreed to:

Reſolved, that the ſaid petition is reaſonable; and it is recommended to the committees of the ſeveral counties and corporations, and others the good people of this colony, to treat all ſuch natives of Great Britain reſident here, as do not ſhow themſelves enemies to the common cauſe of America, with lenity and friendſhip: To protect all perſons whatſoever in the juſt enjoyment of their civil rights and liberty; to diſcountenance all national reflections; to preſerve, to the utmoſt of their power, internal peace and good order; and to promote union, harmony, and mutual good-will, among all ranks of people.

Reſolved alſo, that the ſaid petition, together with this reſolve, be forthwith publiſhed in the Virginia gazettes.

RO. C. NICHOLAS, preſident *pro tempore*.

(a copy)

John Tazewell, clerk of the Convention.

*** *On* TUESDAY *will be publiſhed*, *The* JOURNAL *of the* CONVENTION.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHITEHAVEN, *June* 2, 1775.

HAVING erected a complete MILL on my eſtate at *Saint Elizabeth's*, in *Goochland* county, and put it under the direction of Mr. *James Riddell*, with expreſs orders that the grain carried there to grind be worked in the beſt manner, and no tricks played in the manufacture of the flour: I give this notice, that all perſons who grind wheat with me, on paying the cuſtomary toll, ſhall be entitled to carry away with their flour the bran which the wheat produces, having deſpatched my orders to *Riddell* for that purpoſe.

SAMUEL MARTIN.

DUMFRIES, *Auguſt* 15, 1775.

I INTEND for *Great Britain* in a few months.

JOHN CRAIG.

To be SOLD *or* LET,

A PLANTATION on *Rocky* run, in *Fauquier* county, 16 miles from *Falmouth*, on *Rappahannock* river, and about the ſame diſtance from *Aquia*, on *Potowmack*. The land is very ſuitable for grain, it is well timbered with good pine, and there is a meadow of good timothy graſs containing 20 acres, which may be watered at a ſmall expenſe. There is on ſaid plantation a griſt and ſaw mill, with all conveniencies for the uſe of the mills and plantation, and very good roads to it. Alſo another tract of land on *Summer Duck* run, within two miles of the mills, containing between 4 and 500 acres, well timbered, and a good range for ſtock. Alſo for ſale, a parcel of land joining *Rappahannock* forge, containing 25 or 30 acres, well timbered, and ſome ſmall iſlands in the river, convenient to receive driſt wood and rails. The land is well timbered, and a good ſituation, having a fine proſpect of *Falmouth* and *Frederickſburg*, with the country joining. I have alſo a complete and well finiſhed tanwork to let, within half a mile of *Falmouth*, belonging to which there is a dwelling-houſe, and land ſufficient for the yard. I have alſo to rent, two tenements in the town of *Frederickſburg*, and one in *Falmouth*.----For terms apply to RICHARD LEWIS.

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from *Amphill*, in *Cheſterfield*, ſome time early in *July*, two GRAY HORSES, *viz.* one a large horſe about 14 hands and a half high, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, and branded WG. The other about 14 hands high, with a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, paces and canters well, but his brand, if any, unknown. Whoever brings the ſaid horſes to me, in *Cheſterfield*, or to *Archibald Bolling*, in *Buckingham*, ſhall have a reward of 40s. for each.

THOMAS RANDOLPH.

WILLIAMSBURG, *Auguſt* 25, 1775.

I DO hereby give notice, that I have conveyed my eſtate, both real and perſonal, to *Peyton Randolph*, *John Blair*, and *James Cocke*, eſqrs. who are authoriſed to ſell the ſame. All perſons who have any demands againſt me are deſired to make them known to thoſe gentlemen at the meeting of the merchants, in *October* next. I intend to leave the colony for a few months; and beg the favour of thoſe who have any buſineſs to tranſact with me, as attorney-general, to apply to *John Blair*, eſq; who has been ſo kind as to engage to act for me during my abſence.

JOHN RANDOLPH.

WHEREAS *Joſeph Goodman*, and *Timothy Goodman*, of *Hanover* county, paſſed a bond, payable to me the 25th of *December* 1776, for 100l. current money, and have ſince aſſigned the ſaid bond to *Chriſtopher Hutchings* of *Pittſylvania*, I therefore forewarn the ſaid *Joſeph* and *Timothy Goodman* from paying the ſaid bond to ſaid *Hutchings*, or any perſon that may take an aſſignment from him.

2‖ WILLIAM GOODMAN.

To be SOLD, *at* Kinſale, *in* Weſtmoreland *county*, *on* monday *the 25th of* September;

THE perſonal eſtate of the late doctor *William Flood*, conſiſting of a variety of plantation utenſils, houſe and kitchen furniture, ſtocks of horſes, cattle, ſheep, and hogs, about 700 buſhels of very clean ſalt, and many other uſeful articles. One hundred acres of land, more or leſs, will be ſold at the ſame time, which is extremely well timbered, of a good quality, and immediately contiguous to a branch of *Potowmack*, abounding with fiſh and oyſters. The purchaſers will have ſix months credit, on giving bond and approved ſecurity. If the bonds are not particularly diſcharged when they become due, intereſt will be charged from their dates by The EXECUTORS.

To be SOLD, *agreeable to the laſt will and teſtament of* James Balfour, *deceaſed*, *on* tueſday *the 11th of* September *next*, *on the premiſes*.

NINE hundred and forty acres of land, lying in *Brunſwick* county, near *Fontaine's* creek, being the land he purchaſed of *Grey Briggs*. Credit will be allowed until the 1ſt of *January* 1777 for one half of the purchaſe money, and until 1778 for the other half, giving bond with approved ſecurity, to carry intereſt from the date if not punctually diſcharged. All perſons who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate are deſired to make them known, as ſoon as poſſible.

THOMAS EATON,
AUGUSTINE WILLIS, } exec.

COMMITTED *to the jail of* Prince George *county*, *a ſmall negro fellow*, *upwards of* 30 *years old*, *who ſays he belongs to* Thomas Butler *in* Brunſwick. *The owner is deſired to take him away*, *and pay charges*. HENRY BATTE.

COMMITTED *to* York *priſon*, *the* 12*th of this inſtant* (Auguſt) *a ſtout made negro man named* BEN, *who ſays he belongs to mr.* Robert Gilchriſt *of* Port Royal; *he is* 5 *feet* 7 *inches high*, *much marked on his back with whipping*, *has been bit by a dog in the leg*, *which occaſions it to be much ſwelled*, *and is clothed as field negroes generally are*. *Alſo*, *on the* 17*th inſtant*, *a likely negro man named* ROBIN, 5 *feet* 7 *inches high*, *ſlender made*, *has on an oſnabrug ſhirt*, *blue breeches*, *and a blue jacket*, *and ſays he ran away from the palace in* Williamſburg. *The owners are deſired to prove their property*, *and pay charges to*

WILLIAM MITCHELL.

WOODSTOCK, *Auguſt* 4, 1775.

THE gentlemen who purchaſed at the ſale of the eſtate of col. *John Carter*, deceaſed, are deſired to diſcharge their bonds immediately, either by payment to the ſubſcriber, or capt. *William Carr*, merchant in *Dumfries*.

CATESBY WOODFORD, executor.

SURRY, *Auguſt* 15, 1775.

THE commanding-officers of the ſouthern diſtrict are requeſted to appoint the general muſters in *September* next on the following days, when they will be waited on, by their obedient ſervant.

COLIN CAMPBELL, adjutant.

	September.
SURRY, friday	1.
PRINCE GEORGE, monday	4.
CHESTERFIELD, tueſday	5.
CUMBERLAND, thurſday	7.
PRINCE EDWARD, ſaturday	9.
AMELIA, monday	11.
BRUNSWICK, wedneſday	13.
DINWIDDIE, friday	15.
SUSSEX, monday	18.
SOUTHAMPTON, wedneſday	20.
ISLE of WIGHT, friday	22.
NANSEMOND, monday	25.
NORFOLK, wedneſday	27.
——— *BOROUGH*, thurſday	28.
PRINCESS ANNE, ſaturday	30.

STOLEN from *Amelia* courthouſe, the 22d of *June* paſt, a BRIGHT BAY MARE about 4 feet 10 inches high, ſhort ſwitch tail, hanging mane, a narrow blaze in her face, and branded on the near buttock x or nearly ſo; had on, a good hogſkin ſaddle with a blue cloth houſing and leather ſtitched on round it. Whoever will contrive me the ſaid mare, *&c.* near the lower church in *Amelia*, ſhall be well ſatisfied for their trouble; and if the thief be convicted, the reward ſhall be 20 dollars.

(2‖) JAMES CHAPPELL.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from *Frederickſburg*, on the 7th inſtant (*Auguſt*) JOSEPH SMITH, a *Scotchman*, by trade a painter, appears to be about 33 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, very fleſhy, much marked by the ſmallpox, has light brown hair, which he commonly wears plaited behind, curled at the ſides, and faſtened with pins. He took with him two coats, one of them a dark brown pretty much wore, the other a light brown, very ſhort, with buttons at the ſleeves, a nankeen and a gray cloth waiſtcoat, two pair of brown linen and a pair of black ſilk ſtocking breeches, three check and two white ſhirts (he commonly worked in his check ſhirts, therefore it is probable they may have ſome paint on them) two pair of ſtockings, one of them mixed yarn, the other ribbed thread, two pair of ſhoes, one of them old, the other almoſt new, country made. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any jail, ſo that he may be had again, or delivers him to col. *Fielding Lewis* in *Frederickſburg*, or mr. *Lund Waſhington* at *Mount Vernon*, in *Fairfax* county, will be, by either of thoſe gentlemen, paid the above reward, excluſive of what is allowed by law. (6)

NORTHAMPTON, *Auguſt* 11, 1775.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on *wedneſday* the 14th of *June* laſt, a negro man named *Jonathan*; he is a low black fellow, with a round face and thick lips, his clothes uncertain, as he may have exchanged them. He is a cunning artful fellow, loves card-playing, but otherwiſe ſober. Whoever takes up ſaid negro, and ſecures him in any jail, ſo that I may get him, ſhall be well rewarded by

ANNE TOMPKINS.

COMMITTED to *Nanſemond* county jail, the 3d day of *Auguſt* 1775, a negro man who calls himſelf WILL, and ſays he belongs to *William Bibb* of *Prince George* county. He is a black fellow, about ſix feet high, and appears to be about 35 years old; had on, when taken, a cotton jacket, and black cloth breeches. The owner is deſired to take him away, and pay charges.

WILLIAM WHITFIELD, jailer.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in *Peytonſburg*, *Pittſylvania* county, the 24th of *June*, an *Engliſh* convict ſervant man named JOHN WILLIAMS; he carried with him a claret coloured frieze coat, a light coloured *Newmarket* do. either bearſkin or beaver coating, two oſnaburg ſhirts, and a pair of oſnaburg trouſers, a pair of leather breeches, and a rackoon hat lined with green perſian. He is a thick well ſet fellow, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, light hair, a brazen look, and is very fond of ſpirits, has ſeveral large warts on his hands, and a very remarkable ſcar on his upper lip, right under his noſe, thus X. He formerly teached a reading ſchool at this place, for about ſix or eight months paſt. As he underſtands the *Pruſſian* exerciſe very well, I expect he will endeavour to paſs for a deſerter from general *Gage*, or ſome of his majeſty's troops. I will give 5l. reward for him if taken in *Virginia*, and 10l. if taken in *Carolina*, *Maryland*, or *Philadelphia*, or ſecured in any of his majeſty's jails, ſo that I get him.

(6) HENRY WILLIAMS.

HANOVER, *July* 25, 1775.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 19th of this inſtant, PETER WILSON, an indented ſervant man, about 24 years old, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, has ſhort yellow hair, a very down look, is well ſet, and round-ſhouldered; he is a native of *Scotland*, and ſpeaks broad, is a butcher by trade, a good hoſtler, and a tolerable good weaver. It is ſuppoſed he rode a likely black horſe about 4 feet 11 inches high, with a ſwitch tail; and he carried away with him a black coat of ſuperfine broadcloth, half worn, a jacket and breeches of white fuſtian, and a jacket of dark do. a new felt hat, a pair of country made pumps, and an old great coat. Whoever will ſecure the ſaid ſervant, ſo that I get him again, ſhall have 40s. reward, beſides what the law allows.

(tf) JOHN SYME.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, at *Weſt Point*, in *King William* county, the 21ſt of laſt *December*, a very likely *Virginia* born negro man, named MIKE, about 22 years old, ſix feet high, and ſtutters much; had on, when he went away, a ſuit of negro cotton, but may probably change his clothes. I forewarn all maſters of veſſels from carrying him out of the colony. Whoever brings the ſaid negro to me ſhall have 3l. reward, beſides what the law allows, and if taken out of the colony 10l. (tf.) JOHN WEST.

TAKEN up in *Orange*, a DARK BAY MARE about 12 years old, about 4 feet 7 inches high, has ſome ſaddle ſpots, and branded on the near buttock with the figure of 9. Poſted, and appraiſed to 8l.

ISAAC CROSTHWAIT.

TAKEN up in *Halifax*, a DARK BAY MARE about 4 feet 9 inches high, 5 years old, has three ſmall ſaddle ſpots on the left ſide and one on the right, is creſt-fallen, and had on a bell about 2s. 6d. price, with a leather collar, faſtened with a large iron buckle, paces ſlow, and branded on the near buttock WF in a piece. Poſted, and appraiſed to 15l. ‖ JOHN WADE.

TAPPAHANNOCK, *Auguſt* 10, 1775.

I INTEND to leave the colony for a few months: In my abſence, mr. *George M'Call*, or mr. *William Shedden*, will tranſact my buſineſs, and the buſineſs of mr. *John M'Call* of *Glaſgow*.

ARCHIBALD M'CALL.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in *Glouceſter* county, on the 14th of this inſtant (*May*) a negro man named NED, about 19 or 20 years of age, five feet two or three inches high, rather of a tawny complexion, has ſome ringworms on his face, and ſome white hairs in his head; his clothing was an old brown coat, and a yellow ſtriped cotton waiſtcoat. I bought him laſt *March* at the ſale of mr. *John Shermer* in *James City* county, for *Mann Page*, junior, eſquire. He was brought from one of his quarters in *King William* county, and I have reaſon to believe that he will go to thoſe parts, or to his mother, who lives with mr. *Thomas Booth*, in *Richmond* town. Any perſon who will take up the ſaid ſlave, and ſecure him ſo that I get him again, ſhall be paid 40s. by *Mann Page*, junior, eſquire, to whom the negro belongs.

(tf) JAMES JONES.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing 3000 acres, whereon is a plantation which has employed, for ſome years paſt, twelve or fourteen ſlaves; this tract lies in the upper end of *King William* county. Alſo a tract lying in the lower end of the ſaid county, containing 1100 acres, and pleaſantly ſituated on *Pamunkey* river; a brick dwelling-houſe, with neceſſary offices, a fiſhing ſhore, and a lively fertility of ſoil, recommend the latter tract to any gentleman who may be about to ſettle in life. Poſſeſſion will be delivered on the 25th of *December* next, to the purchaſer, or purchaſers, who will have liberty of ſowing fall grain. Mr. *Benjamin Grymes*, jun. of *Orange*, will make known particulars to any perſon who may be inclined to purchaſe the whole, or any part of the ſaid tracts. Credit till the firſt of *January* 1777 will be allowed, by

JUDITH ROBINSON.
(tf.) LUCY ROBINSON,
BENJAMIN GRYMES, jun.

To be SOLD *in* Amherſt *county*,

FOUR THOUSAND acres of exceeding good tobacco LAND, being part of a large tract formerly advertiſed, together with a very valuable griſtmill, upon *Buffalo* river. This land is equal to any that has yet been ſold of the tract. The time of payment will be made agreeable to purchaſers. Mr. *Gabriel Penn*, who lives near the land, is authoriſed to bargain for it, and will ſhow it to any perſon inclinable to purchaſe.

(tf) CARTER BRAXTON.

For SALE,

A TRACT of LAND in *Caroline* county, near *Newmarket*, containing about 3000 acres of well timbered land, having thereon two plantations, in good repair, with proper and convenient edifices for farming, or making tobacco. For terms apply to the ſubſcriber.

(tf) JOHN BAYLOR.

For SALE,

A TRACT of LAND in *Caroline* county, contiguous to *Mattapony*, containing about 2000 acres of well timbered land, the property of mr. *Robert Baylor*. The terms may be known by applying to mr. *Nathaniel Burwell* in *King William*, mr. *John Armiſtead* in *Caroline*, or mr. *John Baylor*, executors. (tf)

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